

Electrical Engineering – Again

Lothar Thiele

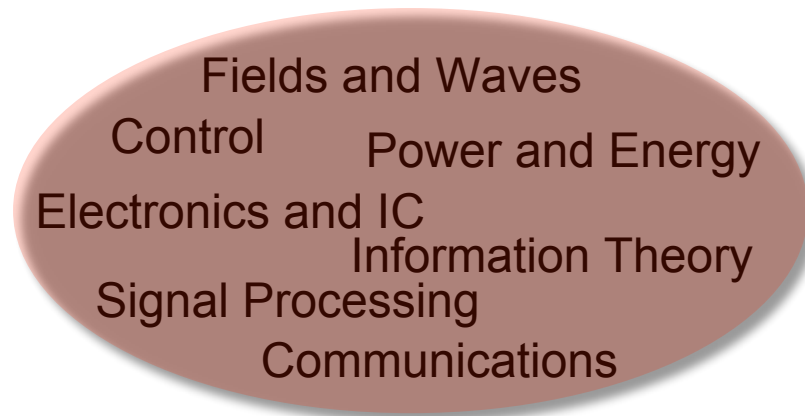
Overview

- ▶ Electrical Engineering
- ▶ Challenges
- ▶ Opinions

Overview

- ▶ *Electrical Engineering*
- ▶ Challenges
- ▶ Opinions

EE Core



Neighbors

Life
Sciences

Computer
Science

Fields and Waves
Control Power and Energy
Electronics and IC
Information Theory
Signal Processing
Communications

Mechanical
Engineering

Physics

On the Move

Life
Sciences

Computer
Science

Networks

Computer Engineering

Computer Vision

Fields and Waves
Control Power and Energy
Electronics and IC
Information Theory
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Mechanical
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On the Move

Life Sciences

Computer Science

Networks

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Computer Vision

Fields and Waves
Control Power and Energy
Electronics and IC
Information Theory
Signal Processing
Communications

Photonic Devices

Quantum Science & Engineering

Nano Science

Mechanical Engineering

Physics

On the Move

Life Sciences

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Networks

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Computer Vision

Fields and Waves
Control Power and Energy
Electronics and IC
Information Theory
Signal Processing
Communications

Quantum Information

New Information Processing Paradigms

Photonic Devices

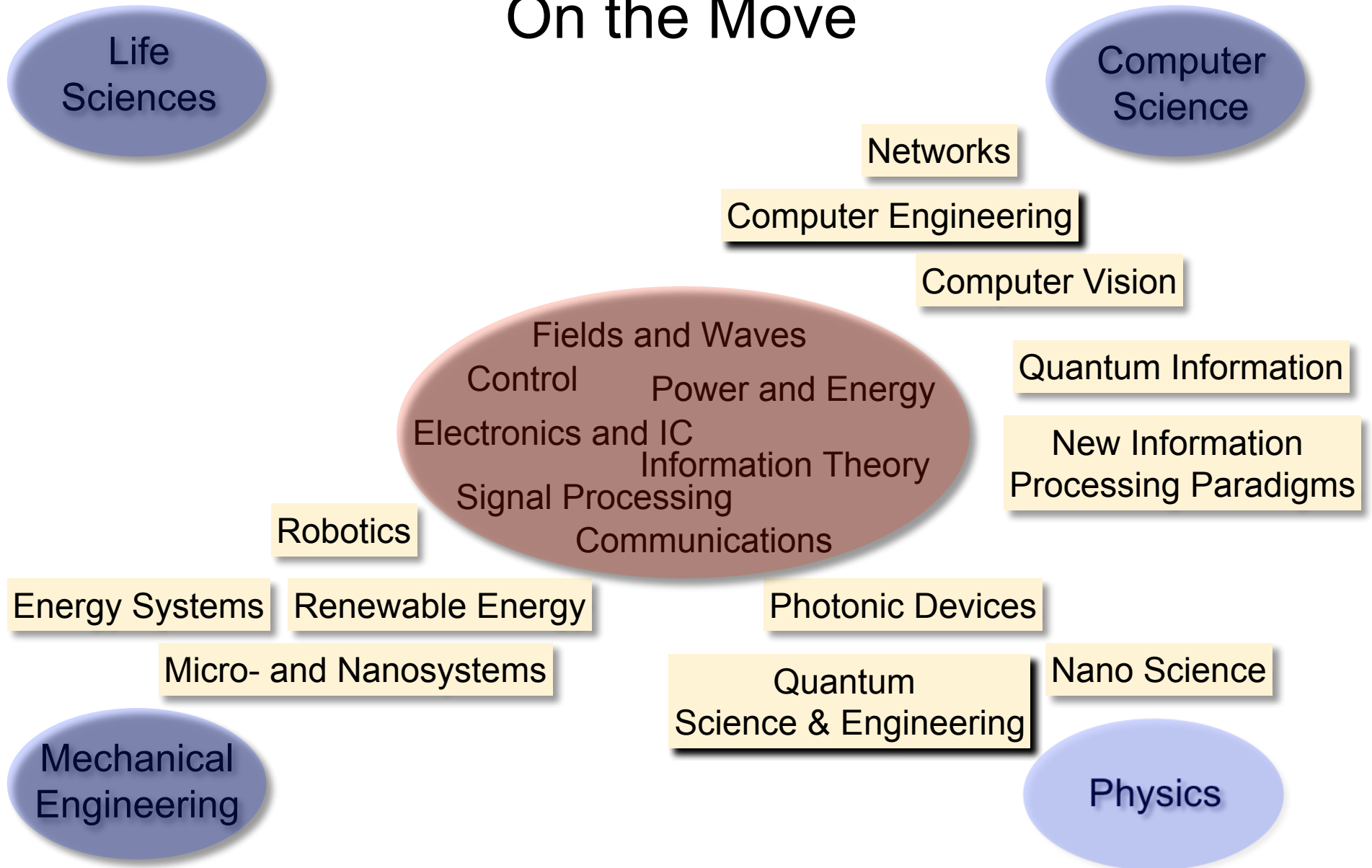
Quantum Science & Engineering

Nano Science

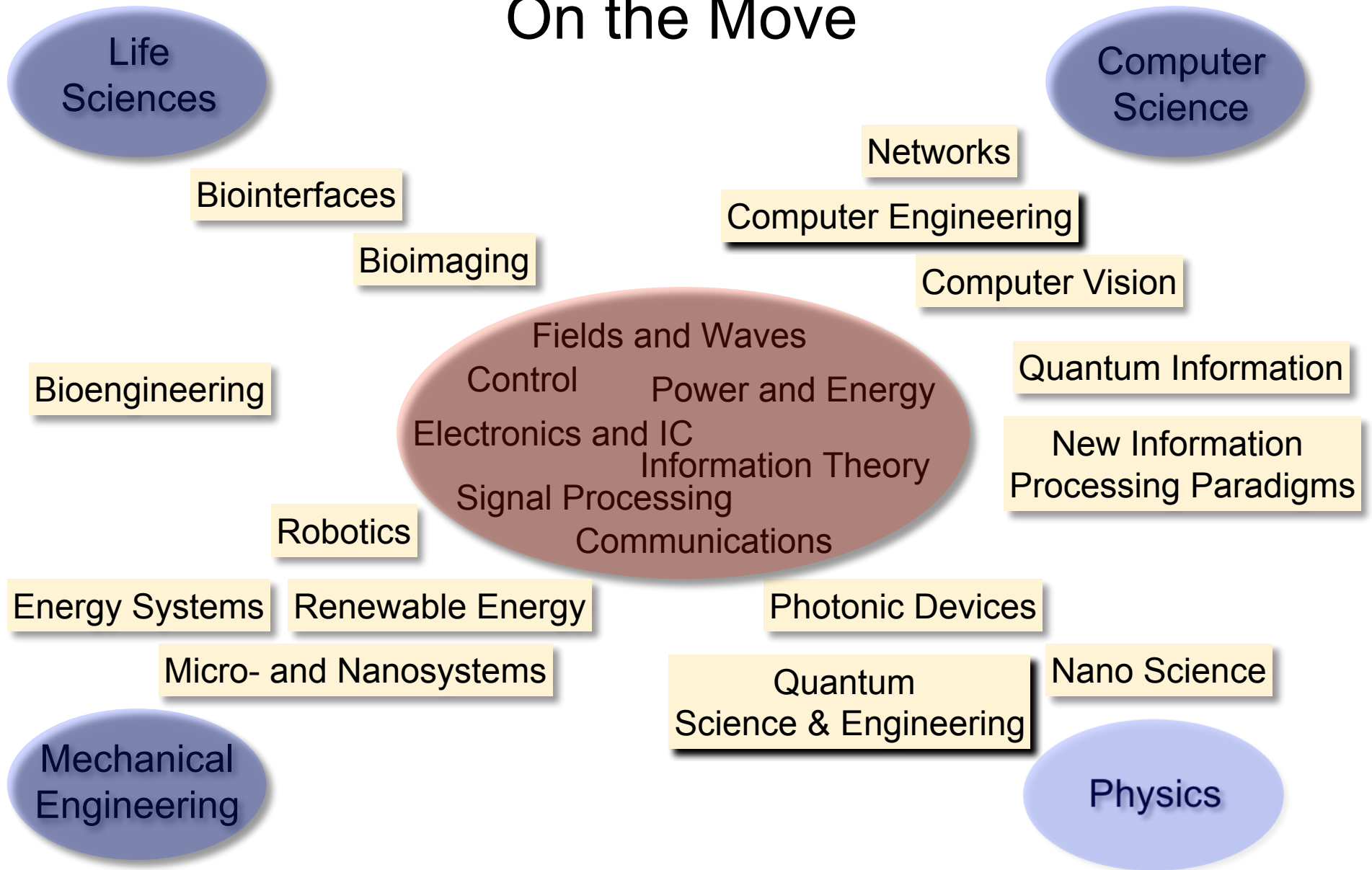
Mechanical Engineering

Physics

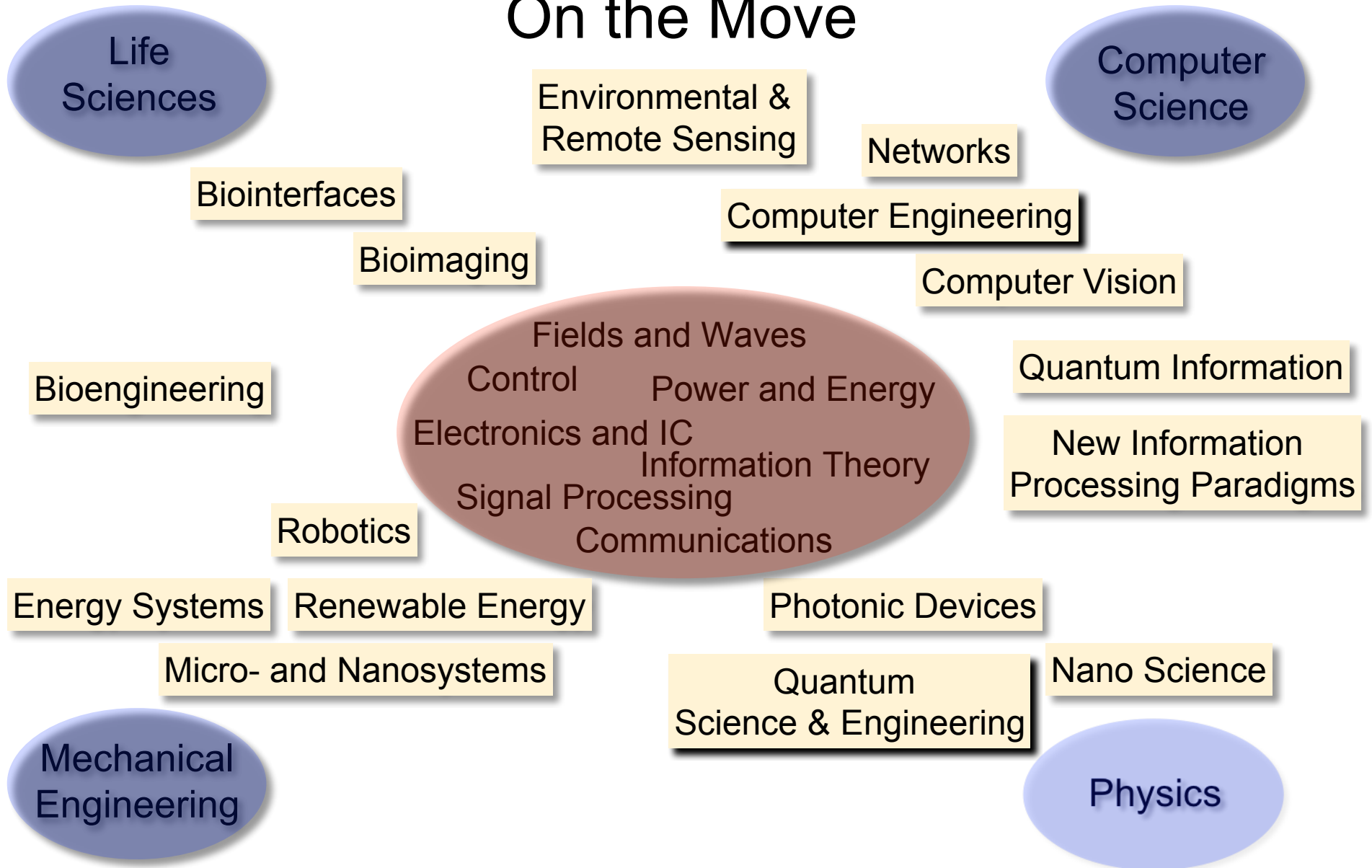
On the Move



On the Move



On the Move



Impact on Society and Industry

Excellent Students

Challenges

Overview

- ▶ Electrical Engineering
- ▶ **Challenges**
 - ... what I would be interested in if I would still be young ...
- ▶ Opinions

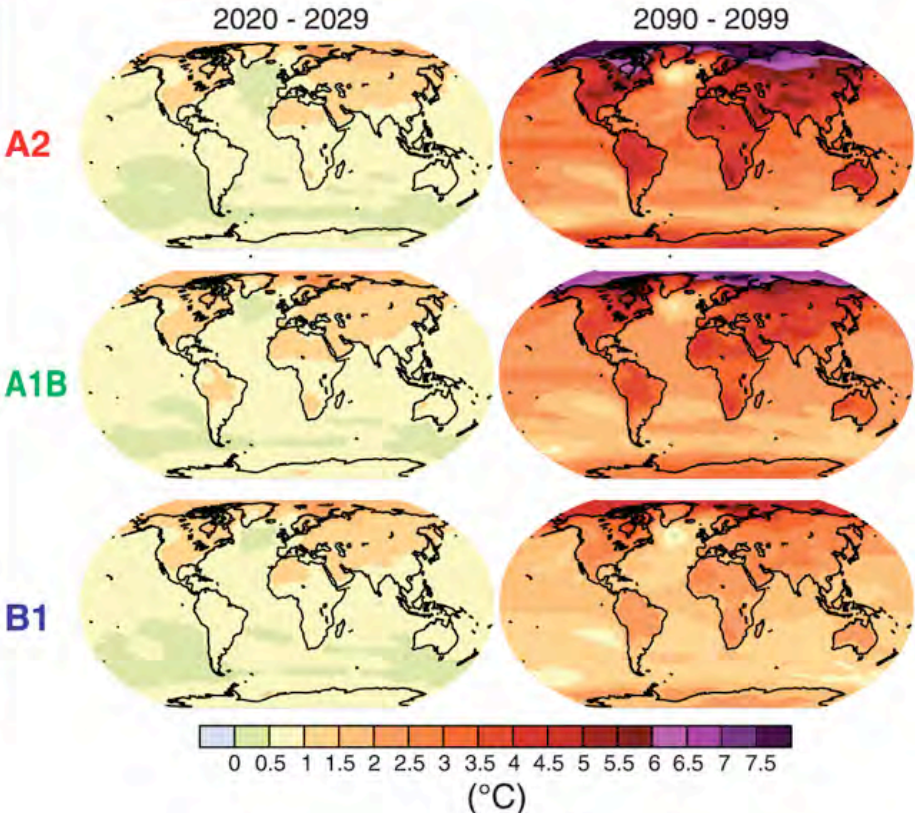
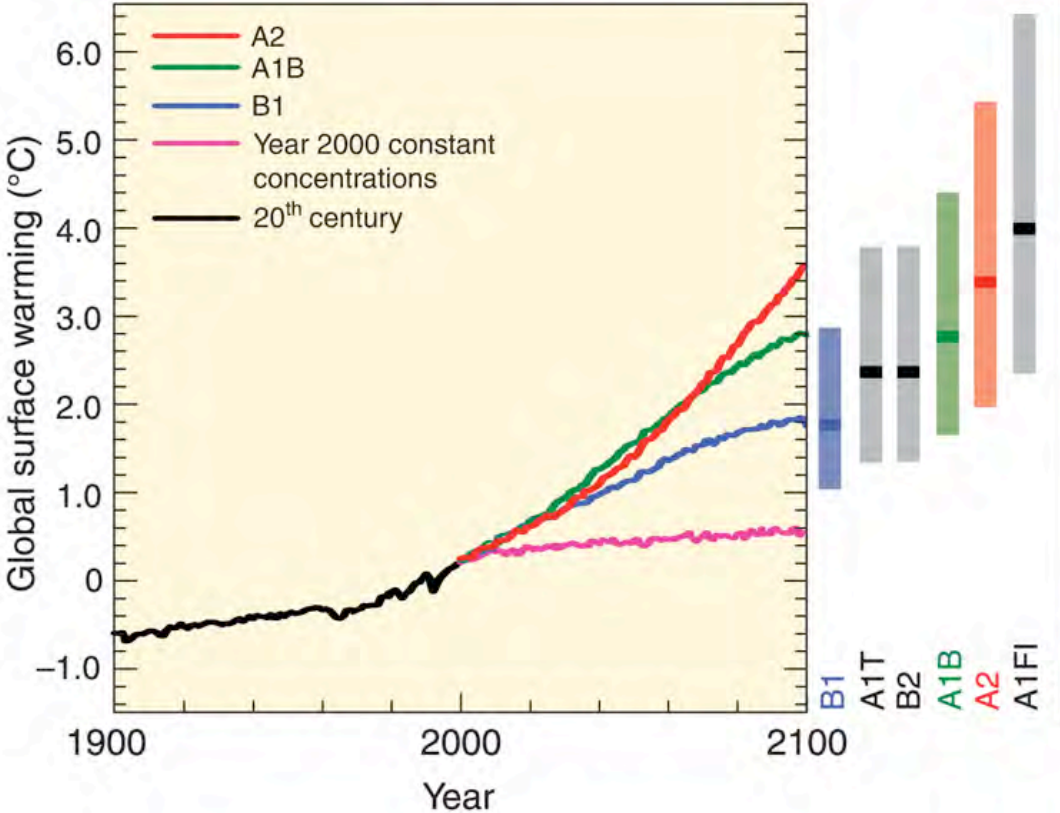
Environment

Energy

Challenge 1

Environment

Atmosphere-Ocean General Circulation Model projections of surface warming

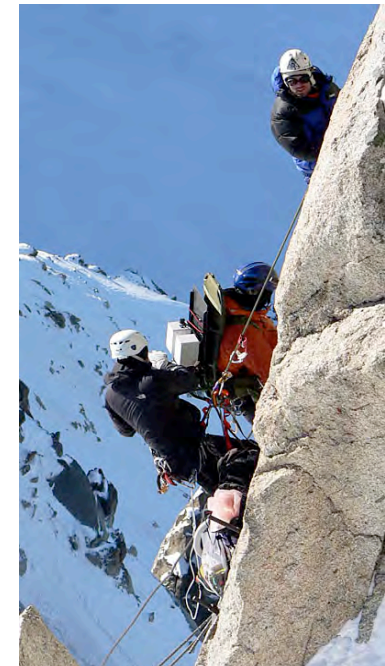
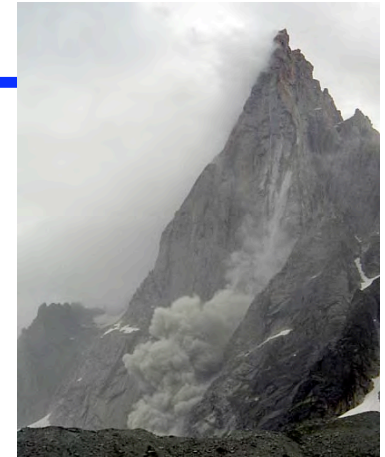


IPCC, 4th assessment report

Example: Alpine Monitoring

- ▶ Provide *long-term high-quality* sensing in *harsh environments*
- ▶ Obtain measurements that have *previously been impossible* (high resolution in time and space)

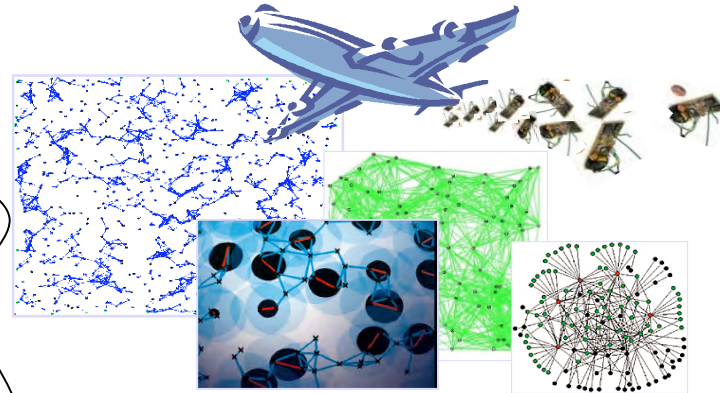
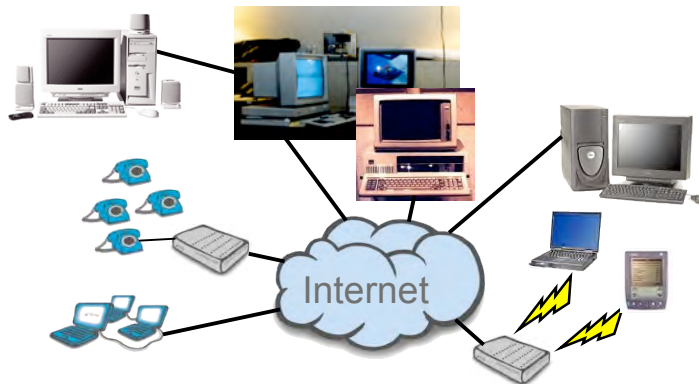
Reliability, delivery of information in *near real-time*, and integration of *diverse sensors* are ingredients for the next generation of *early-warning systems*.



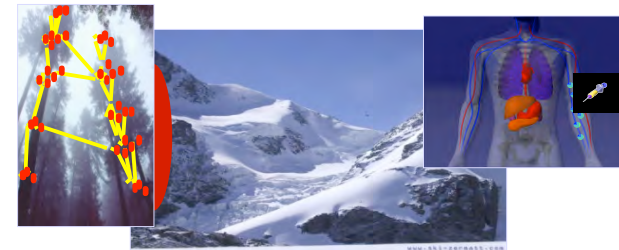


Centralized Systems

Networked Systems



Large-scale Distributed Systems

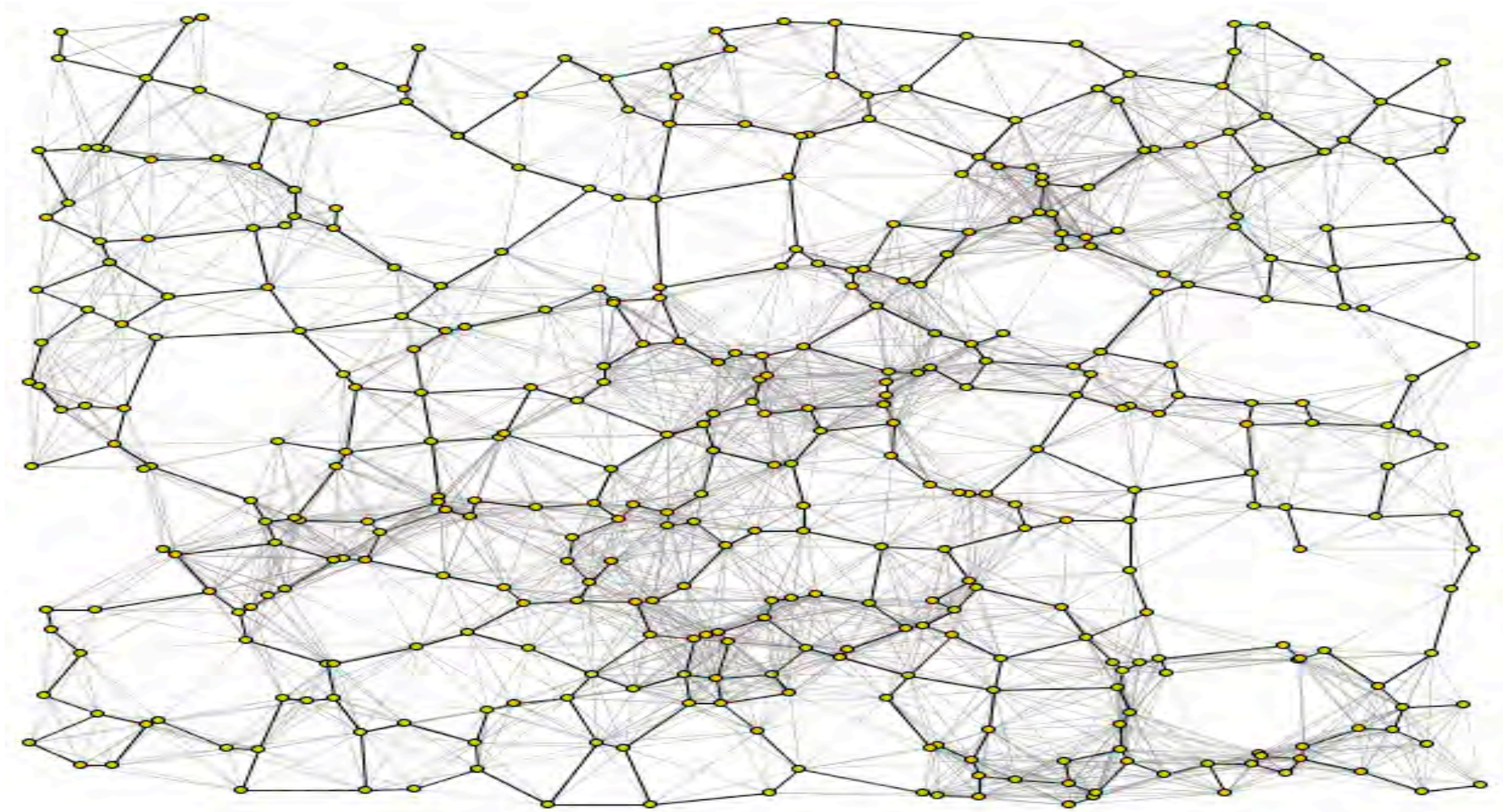


New Applications and System Paradigms

But where is EE ?

In Computer Science, the physical world has been (successfully) abstracted away from 'computation'.

The Wireless Sensor Network Vision



But many systems for information and energy conversion, transmission and storage are closely integrated into their environment.

The Wireless Sensor Network Promises

- ▶ Sensor nodes are cheap, so we can have plenty of them.
- ▶ Nodes may be cheap, but deployment and maintenance is expensive.
- ▶ Additional redundant nodes make the system fault tolerant automatically.
- ▶ More nodes make the system more fragile.

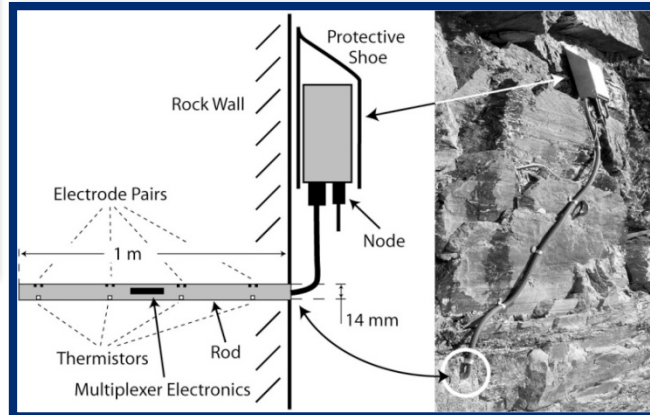
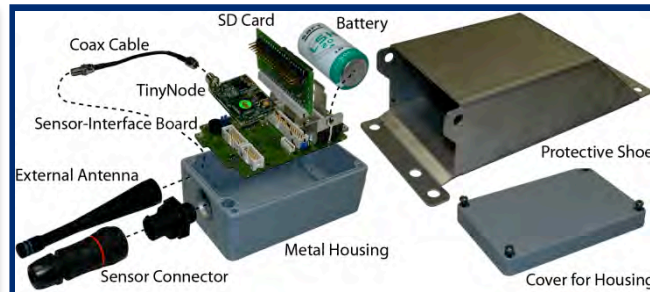
Role of EE – Scientific Challenges

- ▶ ***Physical interaction with the environment***
 - Energy (saving, harvesting)
 - Automatic control
 - Communication (limits)
 - Sensors and actuators

- ▶ ***Make large-scale distributed systems viable.***

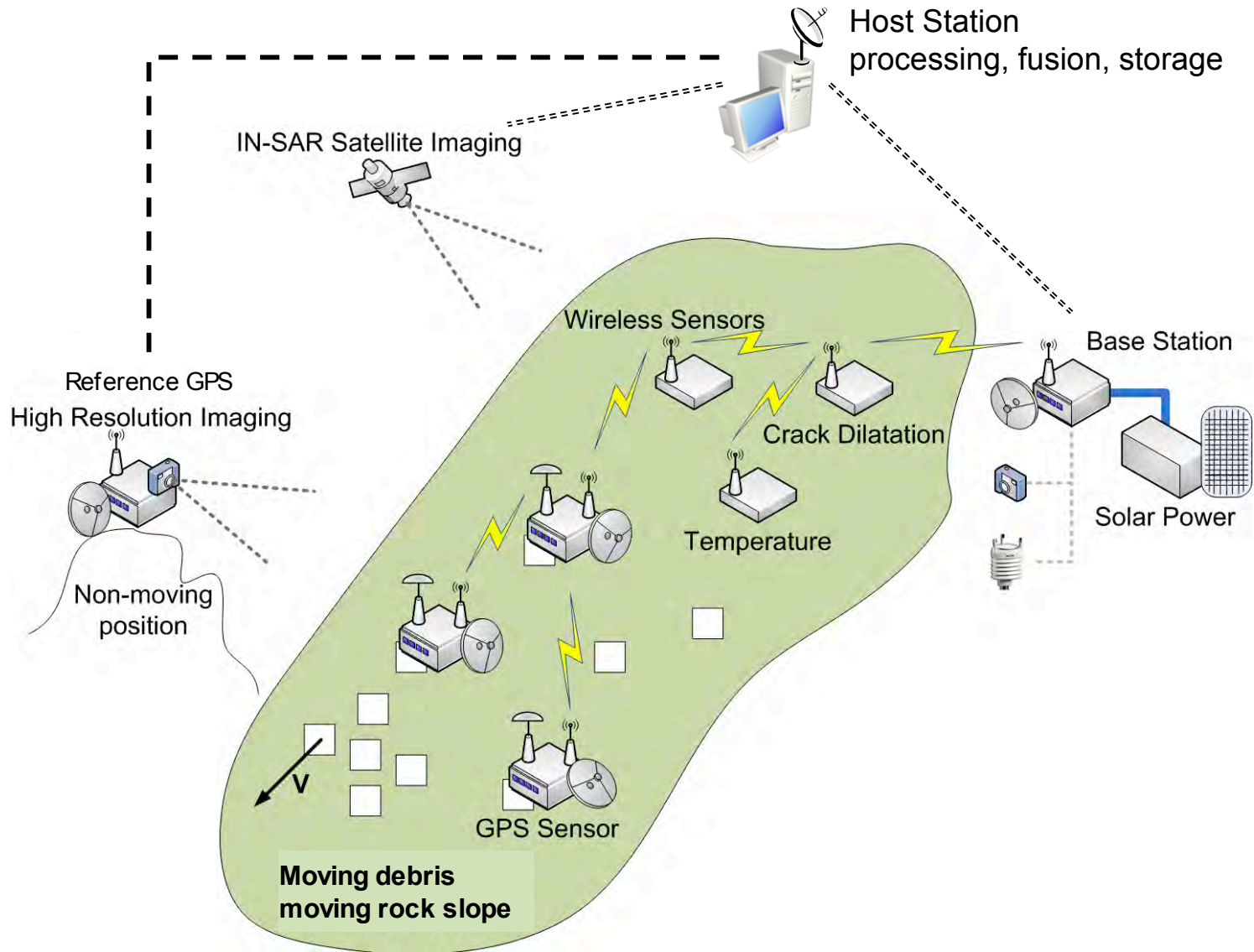
- ▶ ***Interaction with natural sciences***
 - New models and methods (information processing)

Interaction with Environment



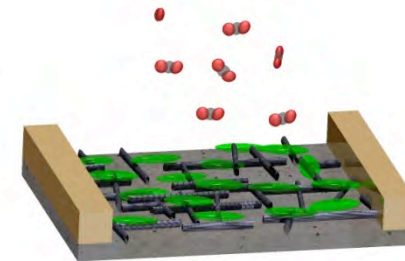
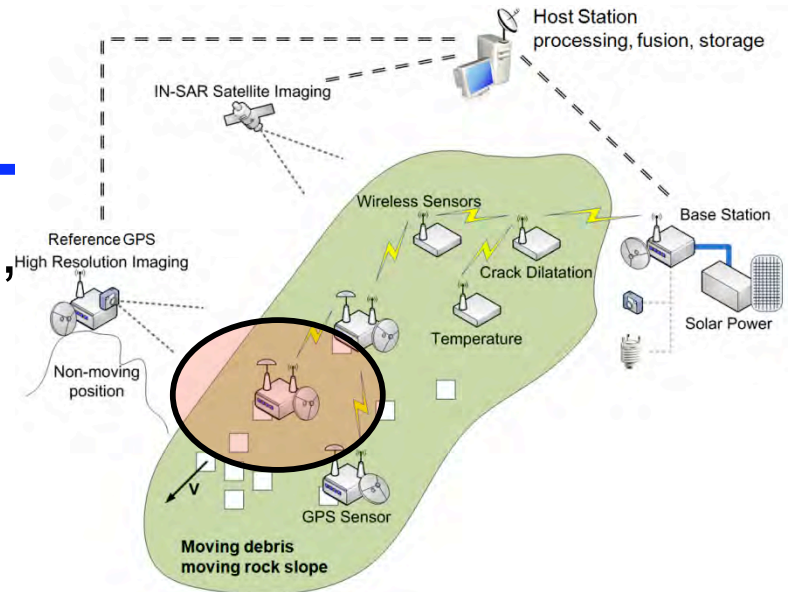
various sensor modalities
WSN, base station
host, database

Typical Platform



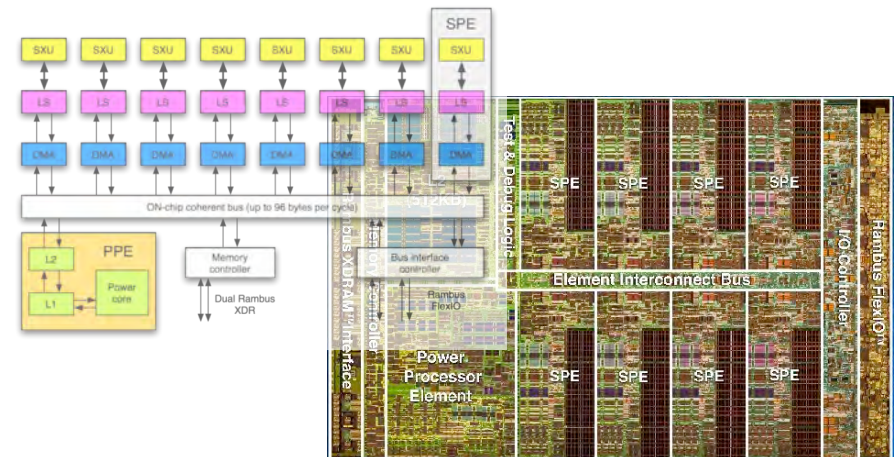
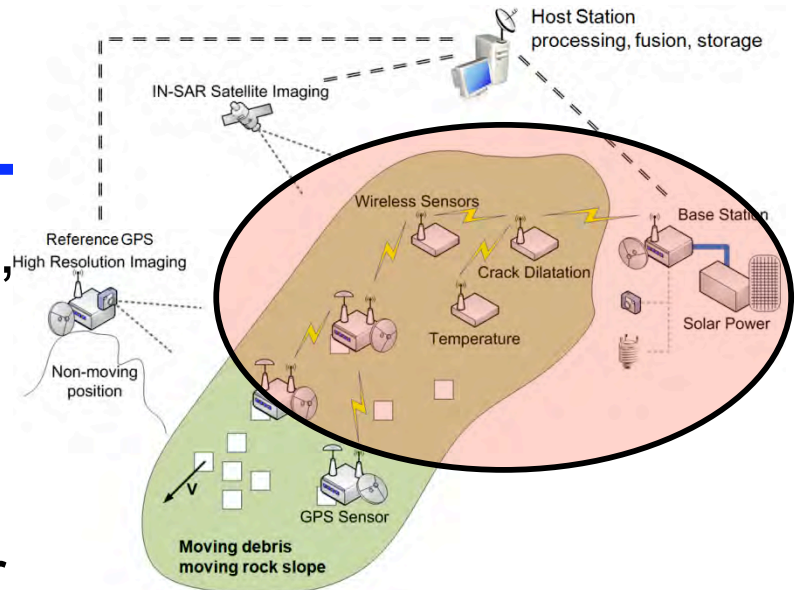
Challenges

- **Sensors and interfaces** (air pollution, sensitivity, calibration, low energy, low cost, integration, ...)



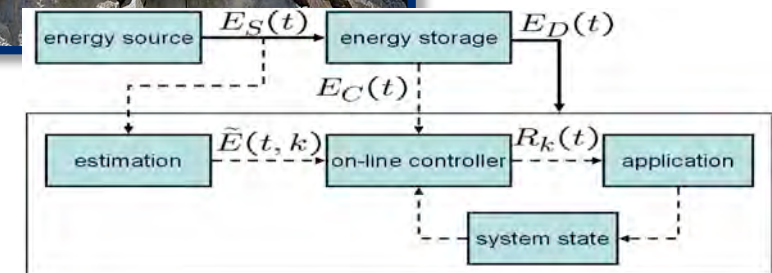
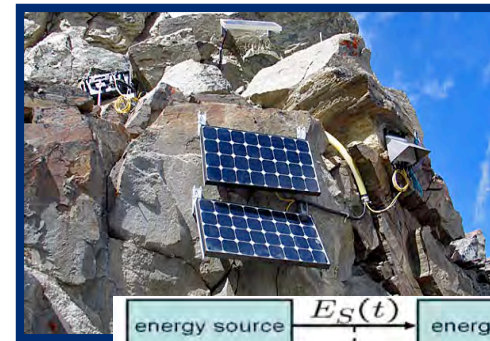
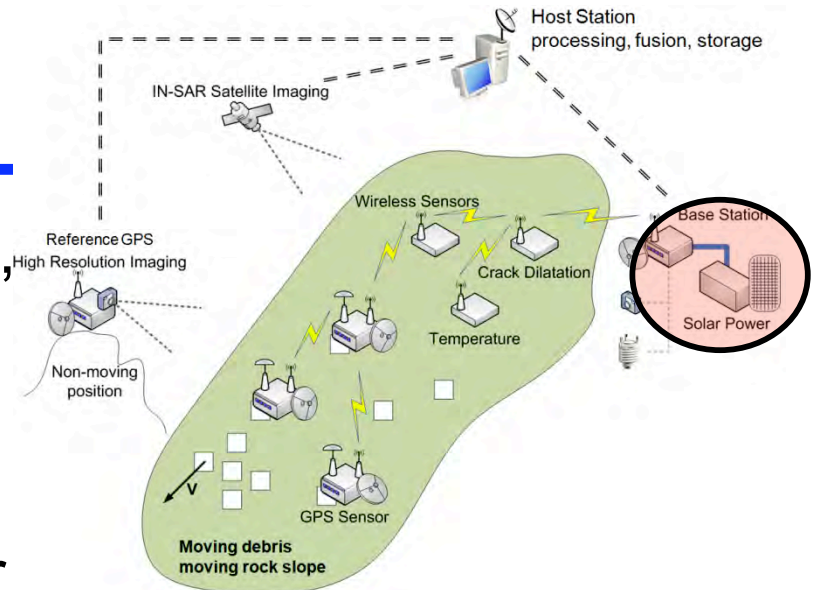
Challenges

- ▶ **Sensors and interfaces** (air pollution, sensitivity, calibration, low energy, low cost, integration, ...)
- ▶ **Low energy operation** (technology integration, parallel processing, power management, ...)



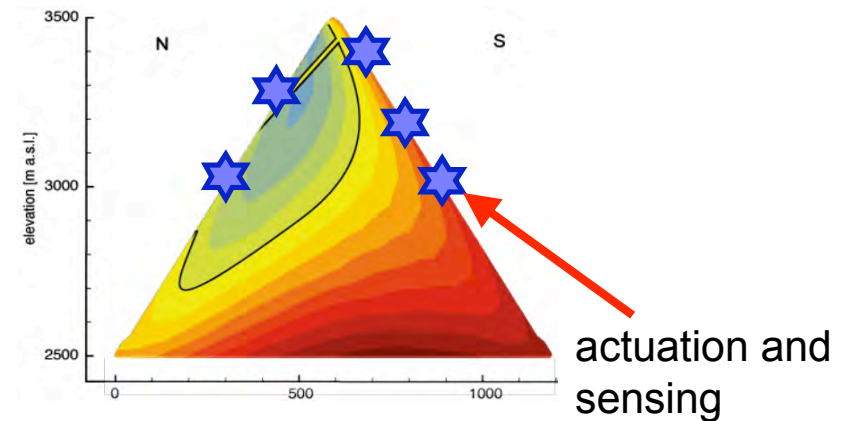
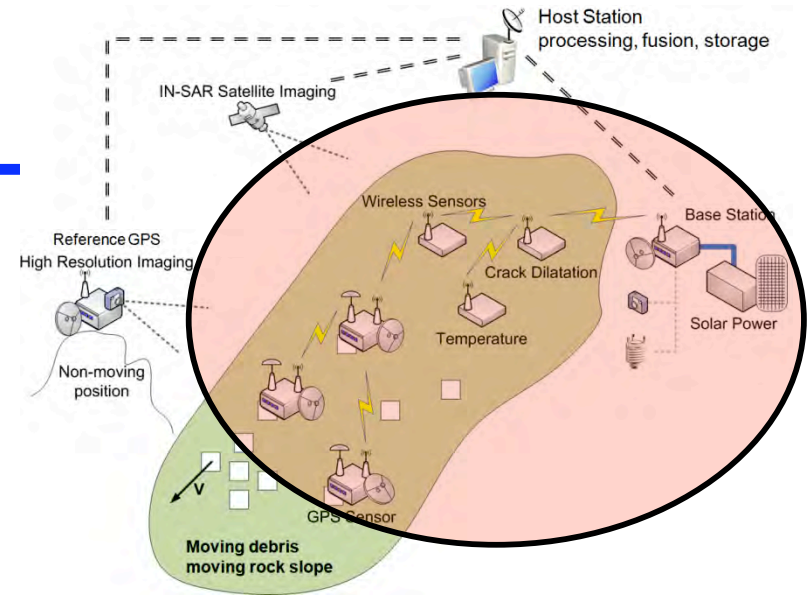
Challenges

- ▶ **Sensors and interfaces** (air pollution, sensitivity, calibration, low energy, low cost, integration, ...)
- ▶ **Low energy operation** (technology integration, parallel processing, power management, ...)
- ▶ **Energy harvesting** (application control, ...)



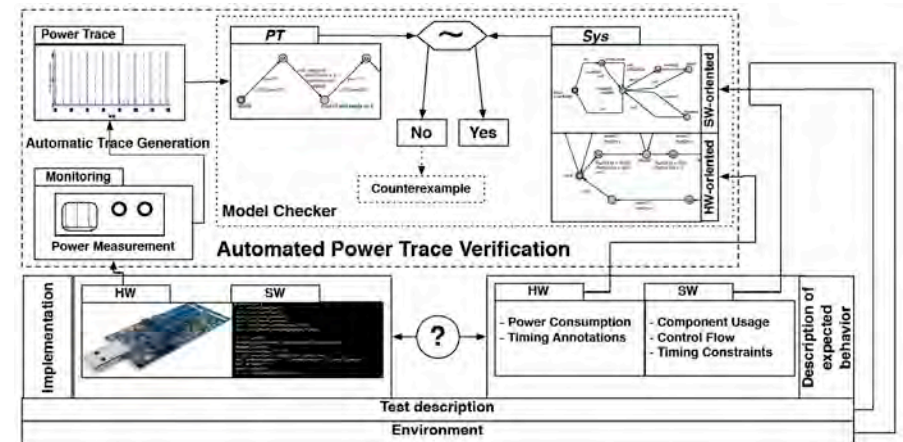
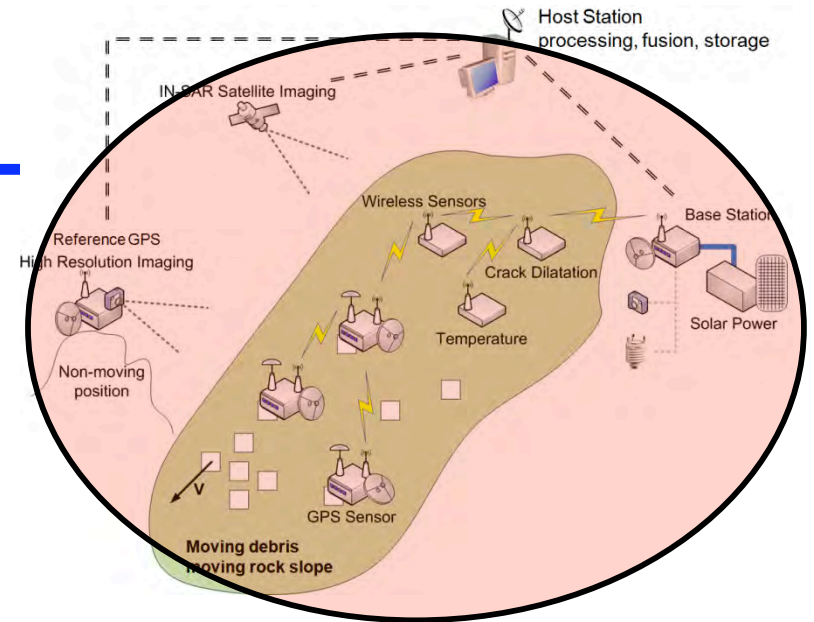
Challenges

- ***Distributed control*** (sensor-actuator coupling, energy balancing, ...)



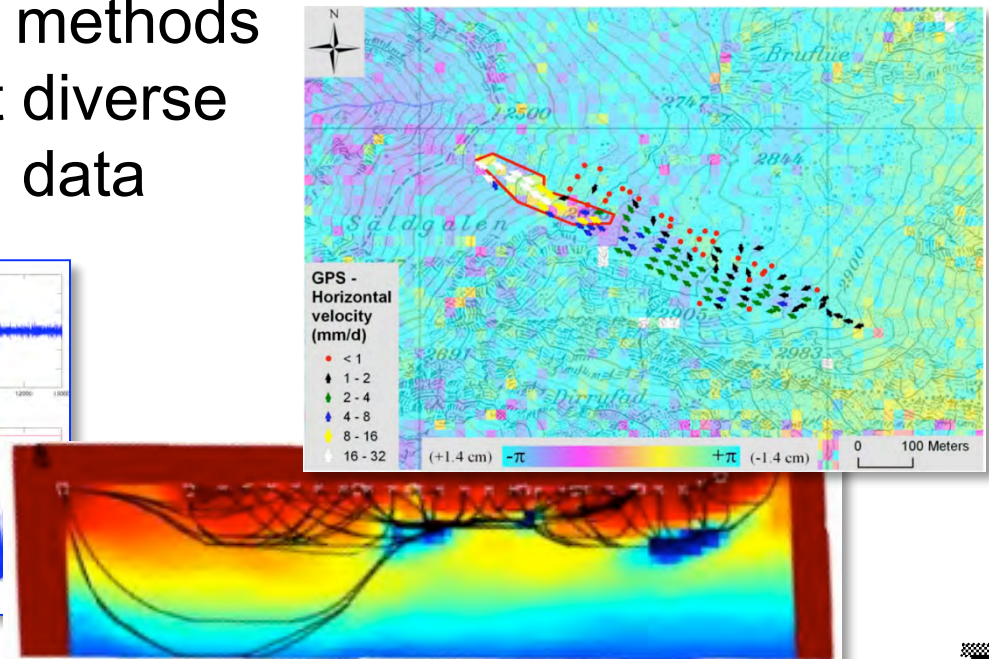
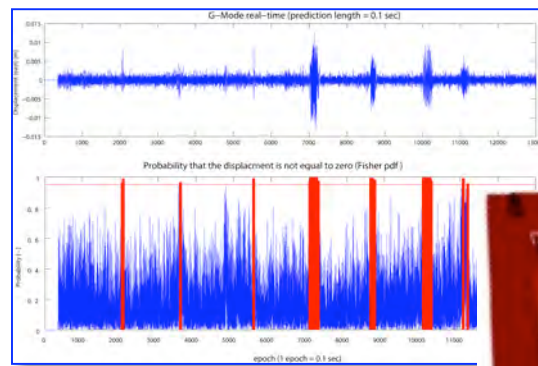
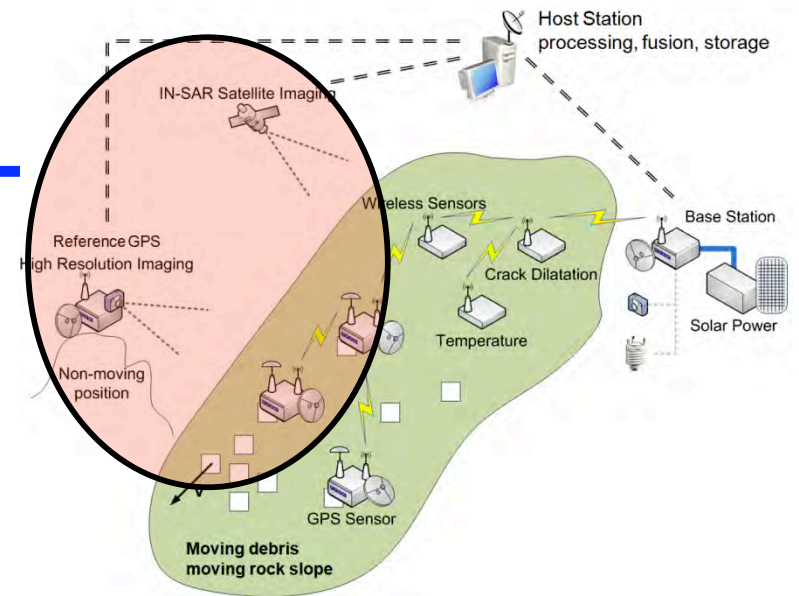
Challenges

- ▶ **Distributed control** (sensor-actuator coupling, energy balancing, ...)
- ▶ **Predictability and reliability** (formal verification, (energy) testing, observability...)



Challenges

- ▶ **Distributed control** (sensor-actuator coupling, energy balancing, ...)
- ▶ **Predictability and reliability** (formal verification, (energy) testing, observability...)
- ▶ **Modeling** (new models and methods for data analysis, sensing at diverse spatial and temporal scales, data fusion)



Application Visions

Forest Fires



Maintenance



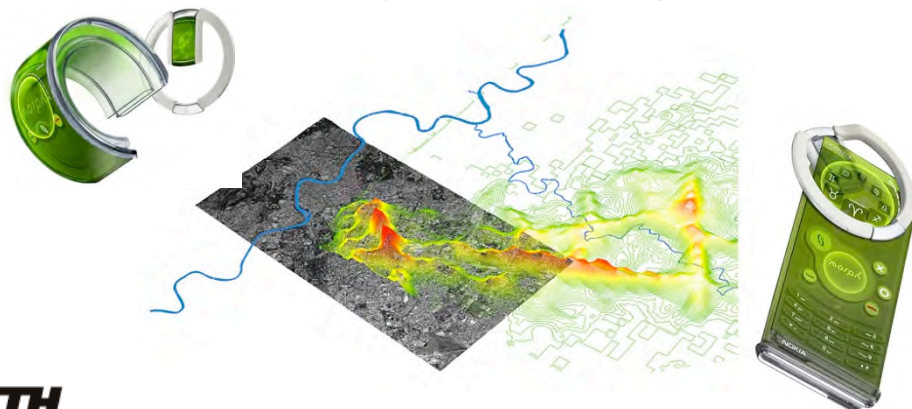
Factory Automation



Natural Hazards

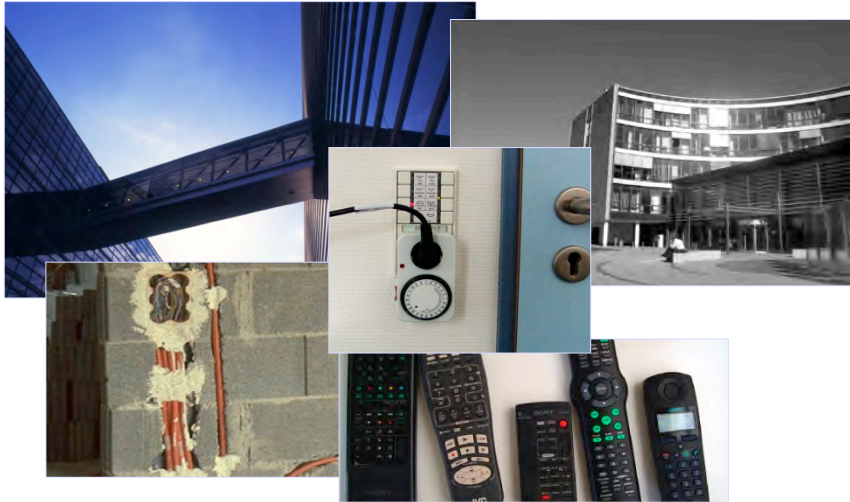


Community Sensing

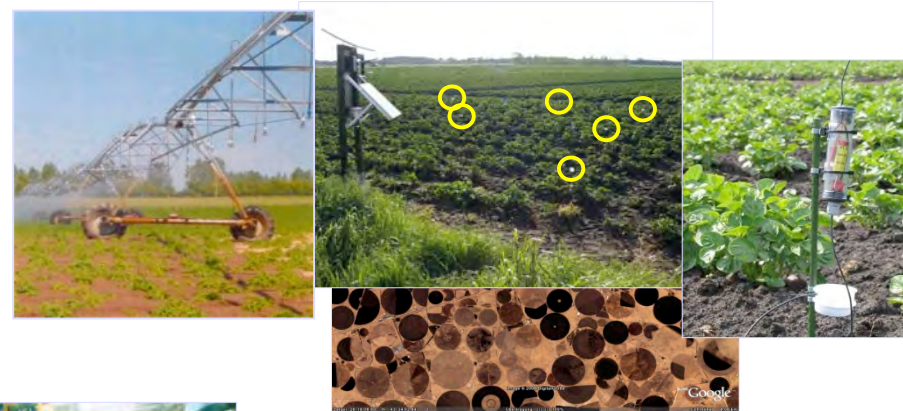


Application Visions

Building Automation



Precision Agriculture

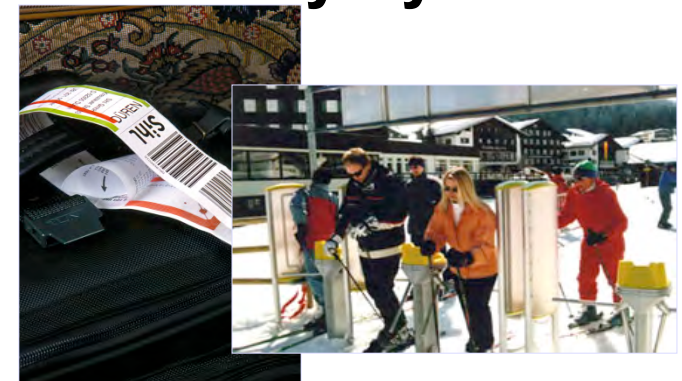


Health Care



Logistics

Security Systems



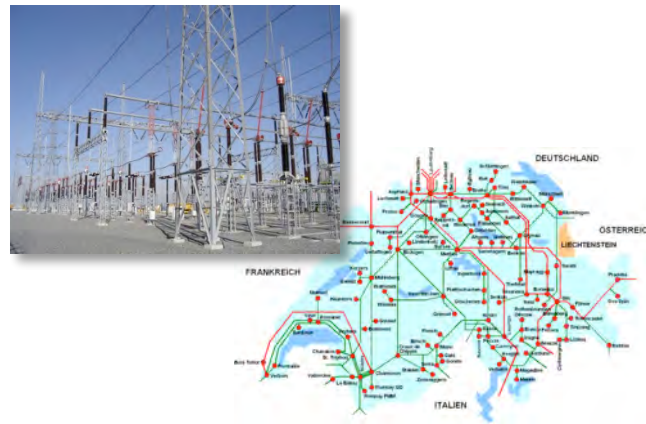
Challenge 2

Energy



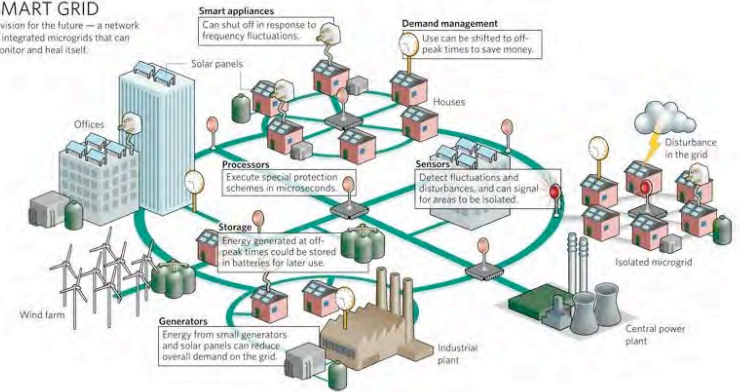
Centralized Systems

Networked Systems



SMART GRID

A vision for the future — a network of integrated microgrids that can monitor and heal itself.



Large-scale Distributed Systems



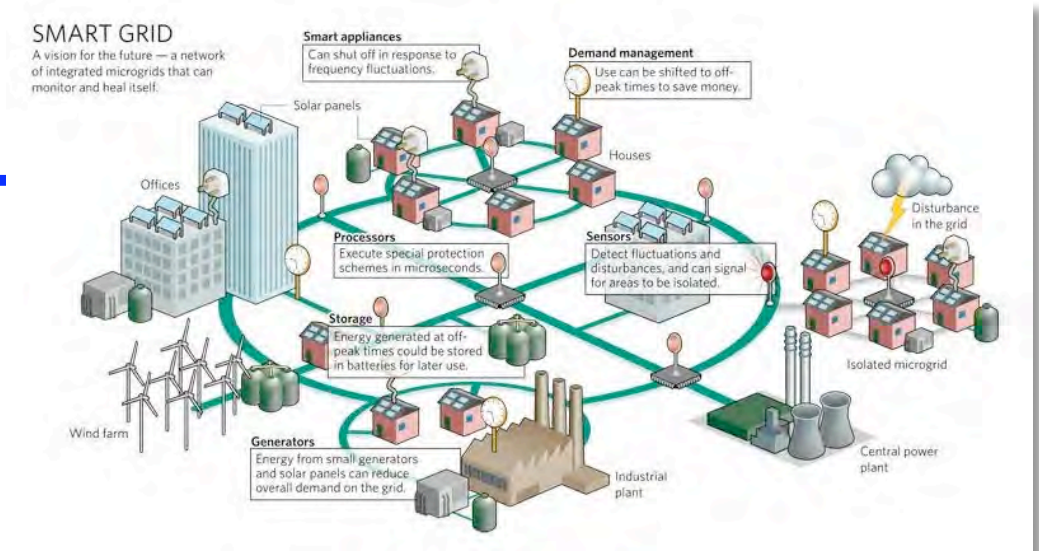
New Applications and System Paradigms

In many US universities, the power engineering faculty numbers have reduced to a single person.

Vijay Vittal

Challenges

- ▶ Large scale distributed energy and information networks
- ▶ Energy router
- ▶ Distributed sensing, actuating, monitoring and control for stability
- ▶ Large scale HVDC networks
- ▶ Energy storage on various temporal and spatial scale
- ▶ Customer privacy in a two-way communication system



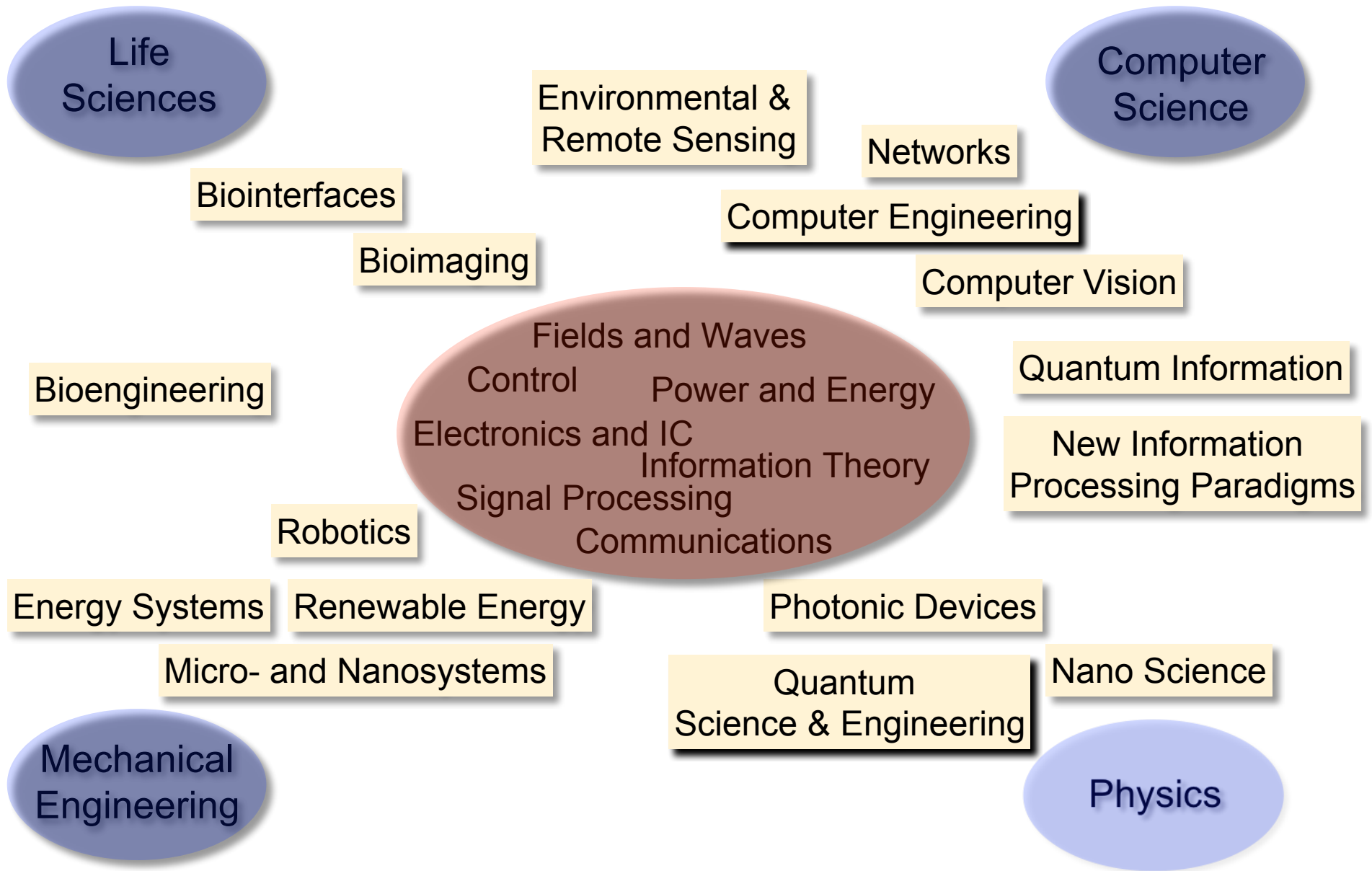
It will be hard to (re) establish ...

- ▶ Starting *fight for ownership* of “energy”
- ▶ Lack of available *qualified people*
- ▶ *Missing respect:*

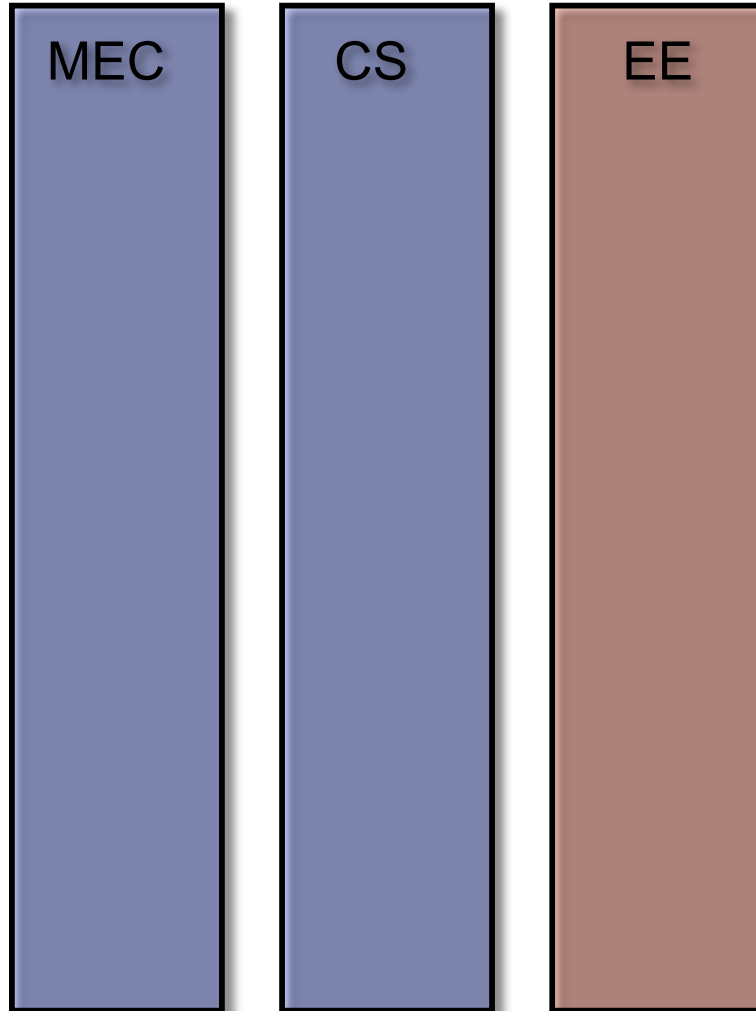
engineering	vs.	science	??
slow	vs.	fast innovation cycles	??
norms/standards	vs.	playground	??
dependability	vs.	unreliability	??

Overview

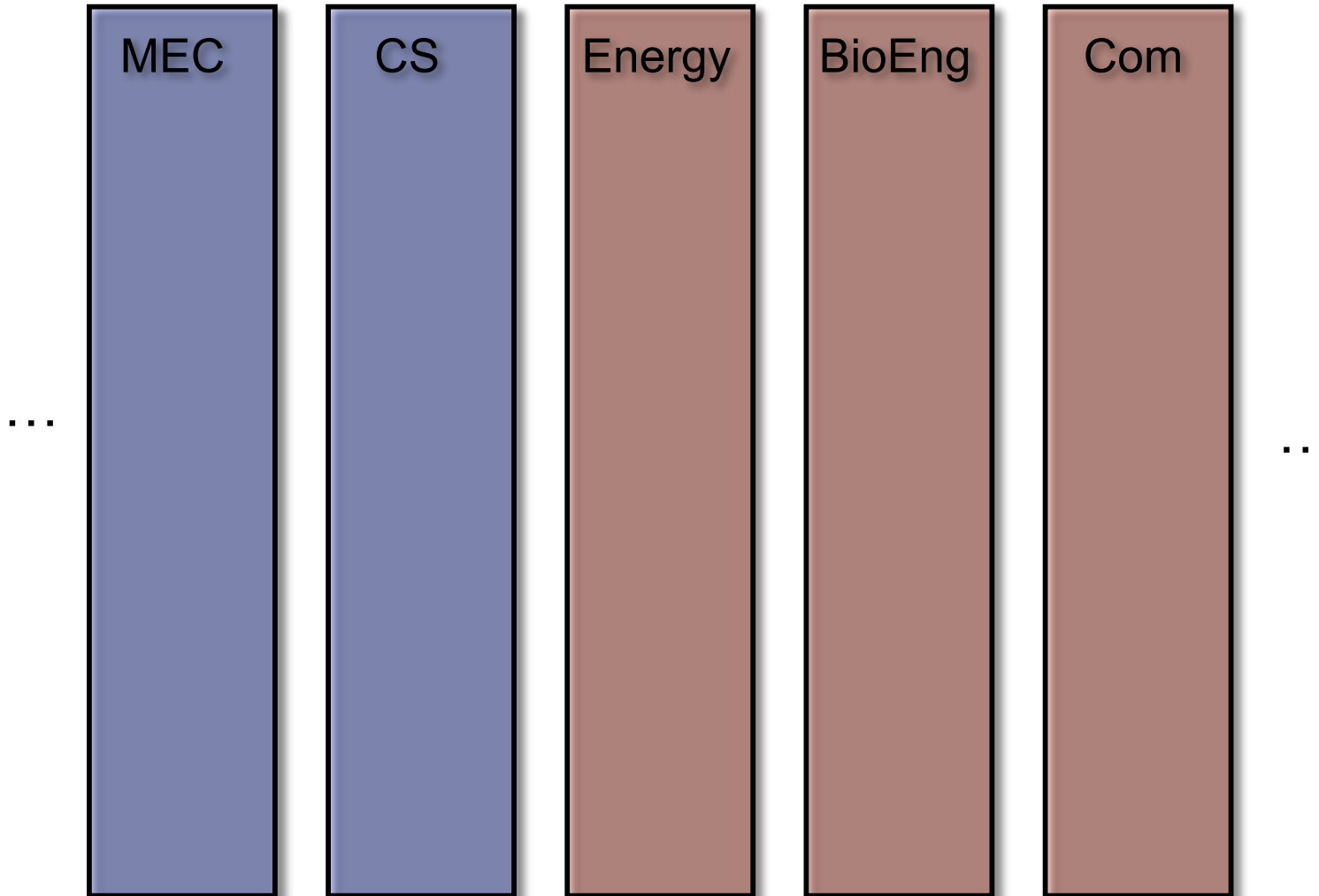
- ▶ Electrical Engineering
- ▶ Challenges
- ▶ *Opinions*

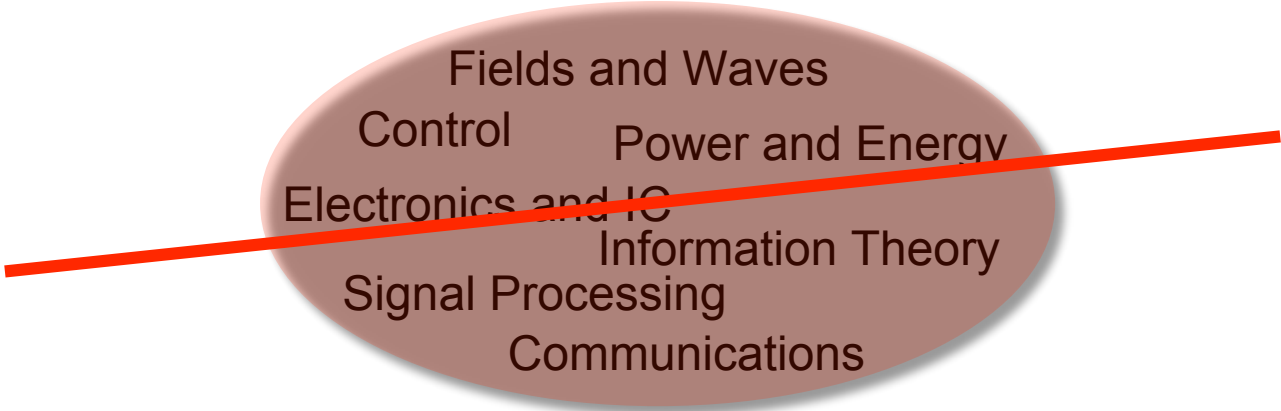


Strategien



Divide and Compete

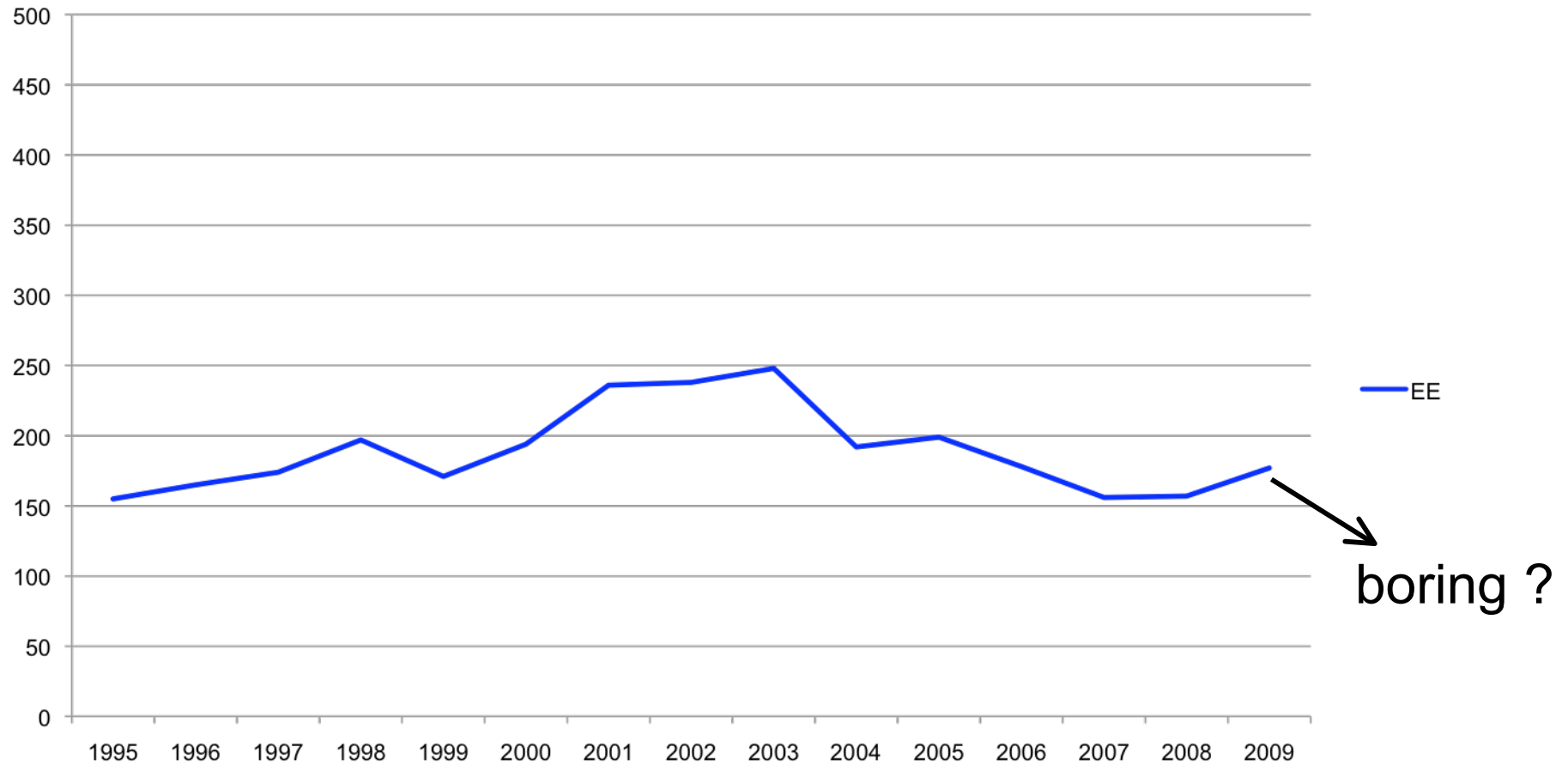




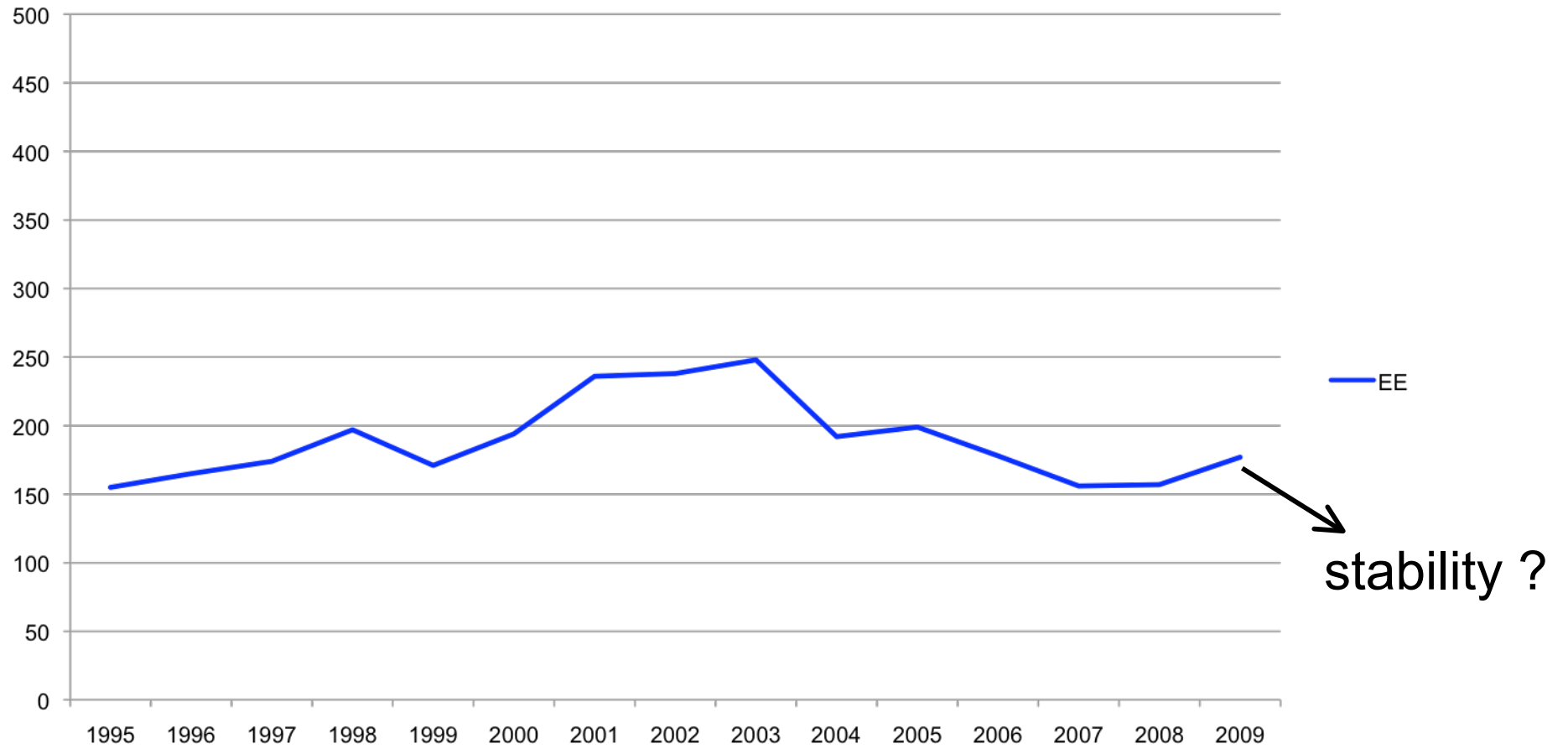
Fields and Waves
Control Power and Energy
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Dissolve

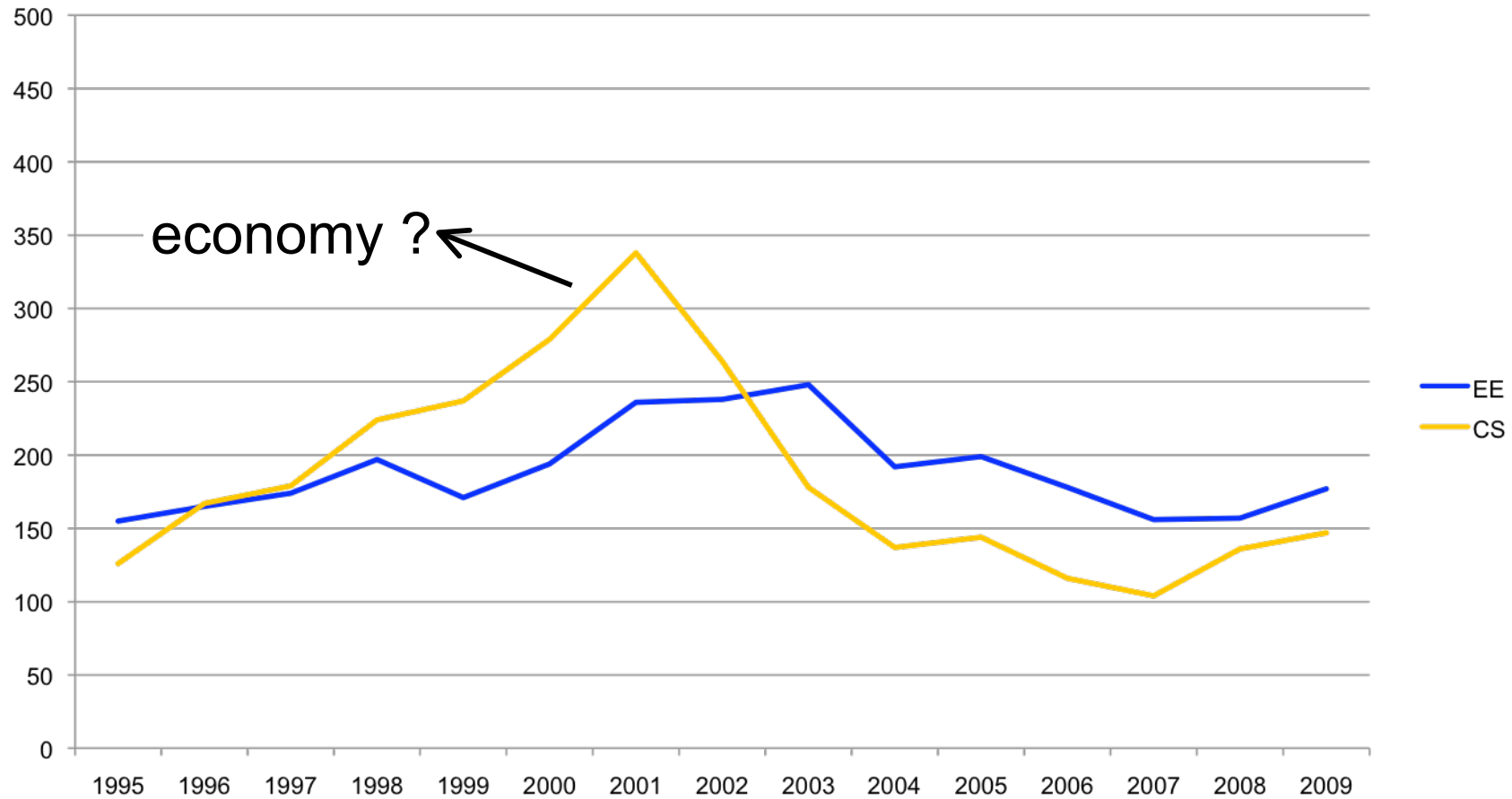
Engineering



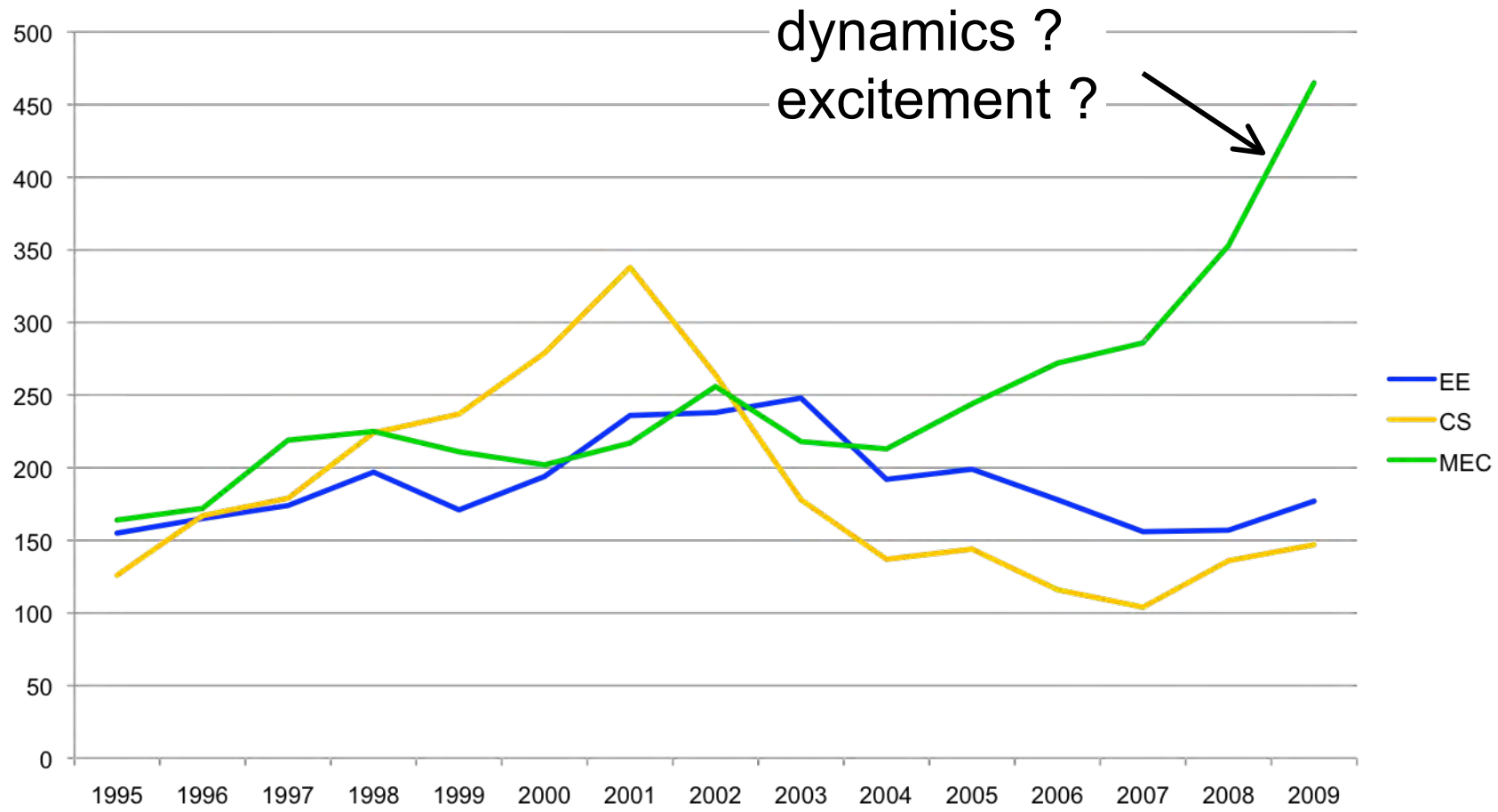
ETHZ – number of starting bachelor students



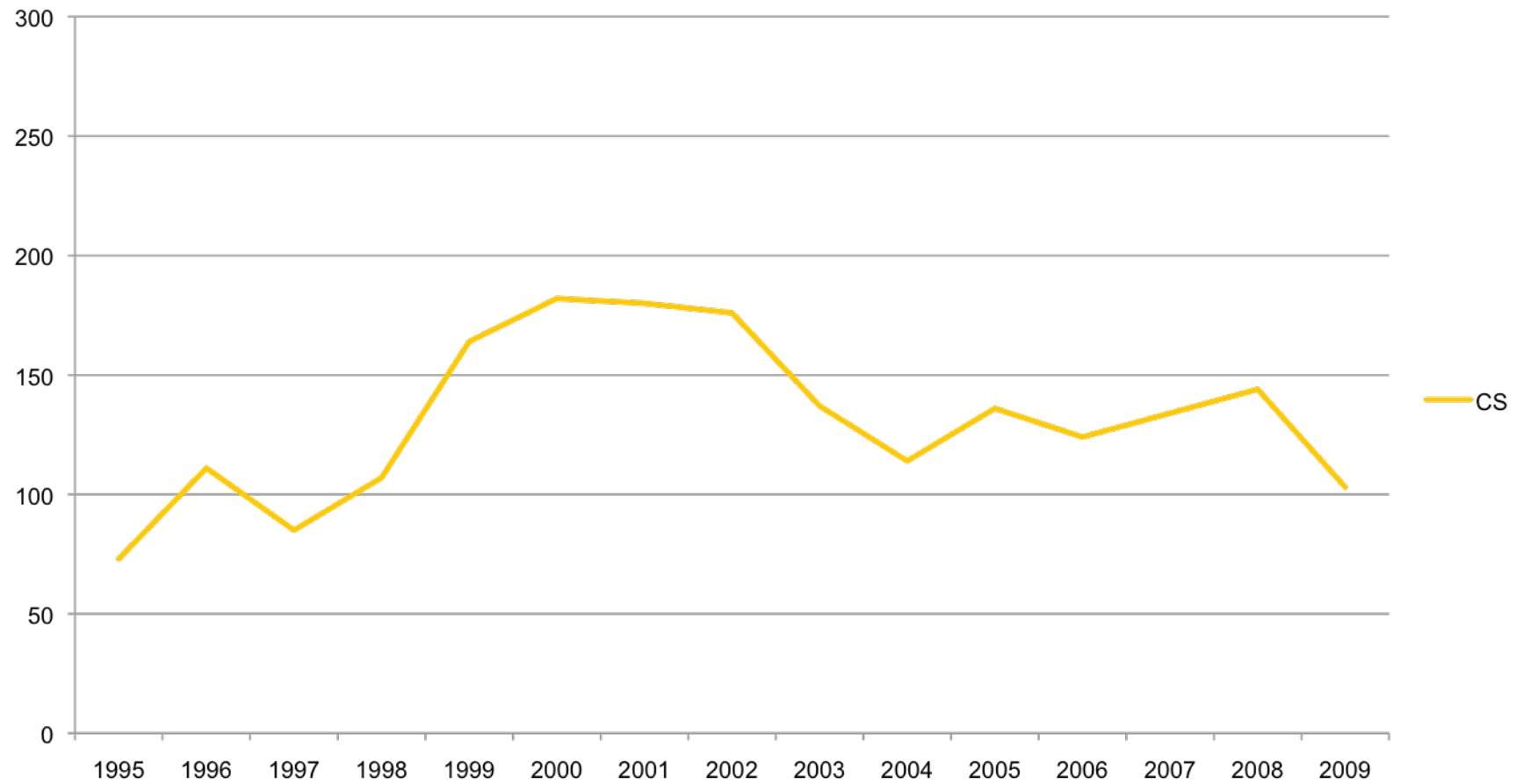
ETHZ – number of starting bachelor students



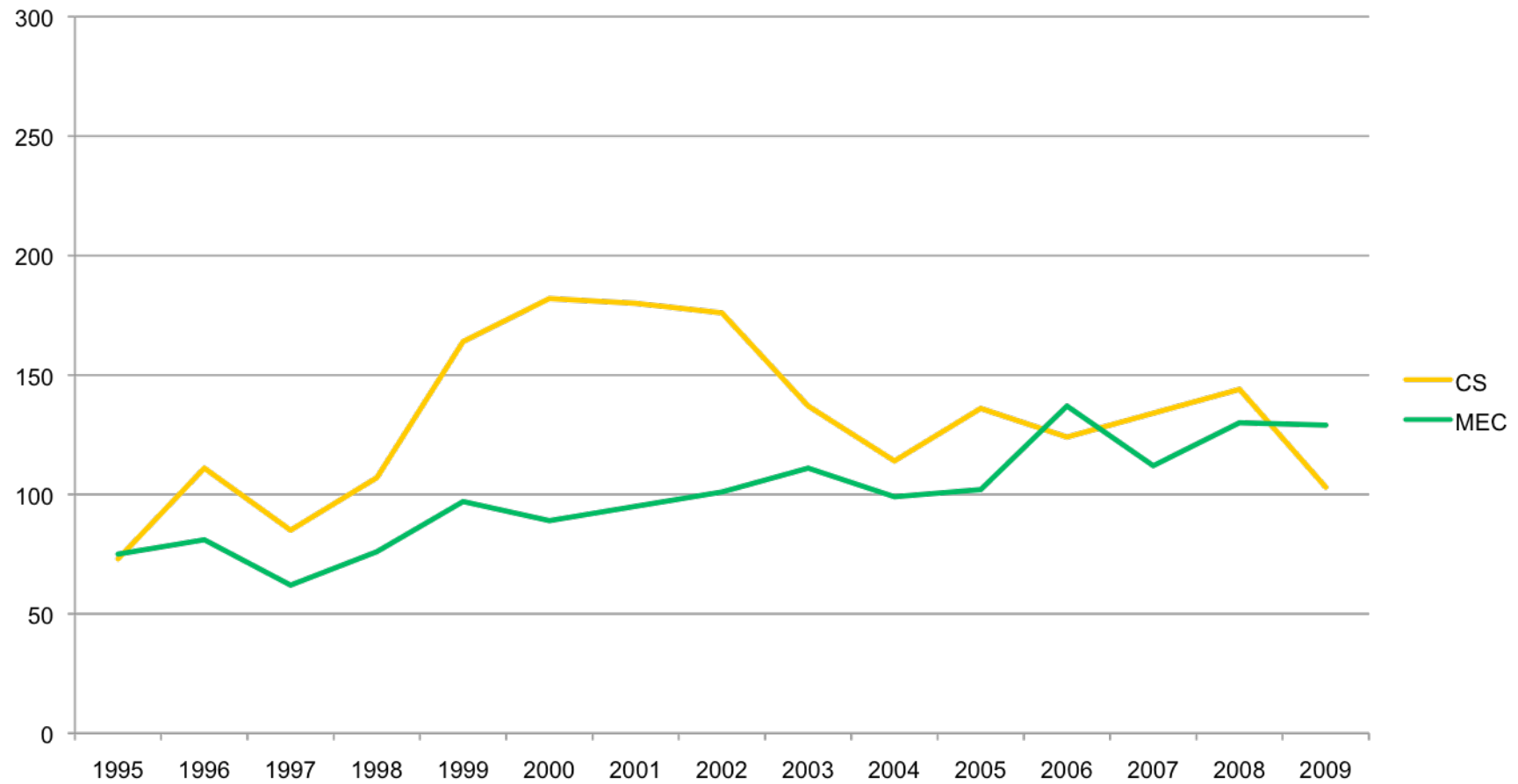
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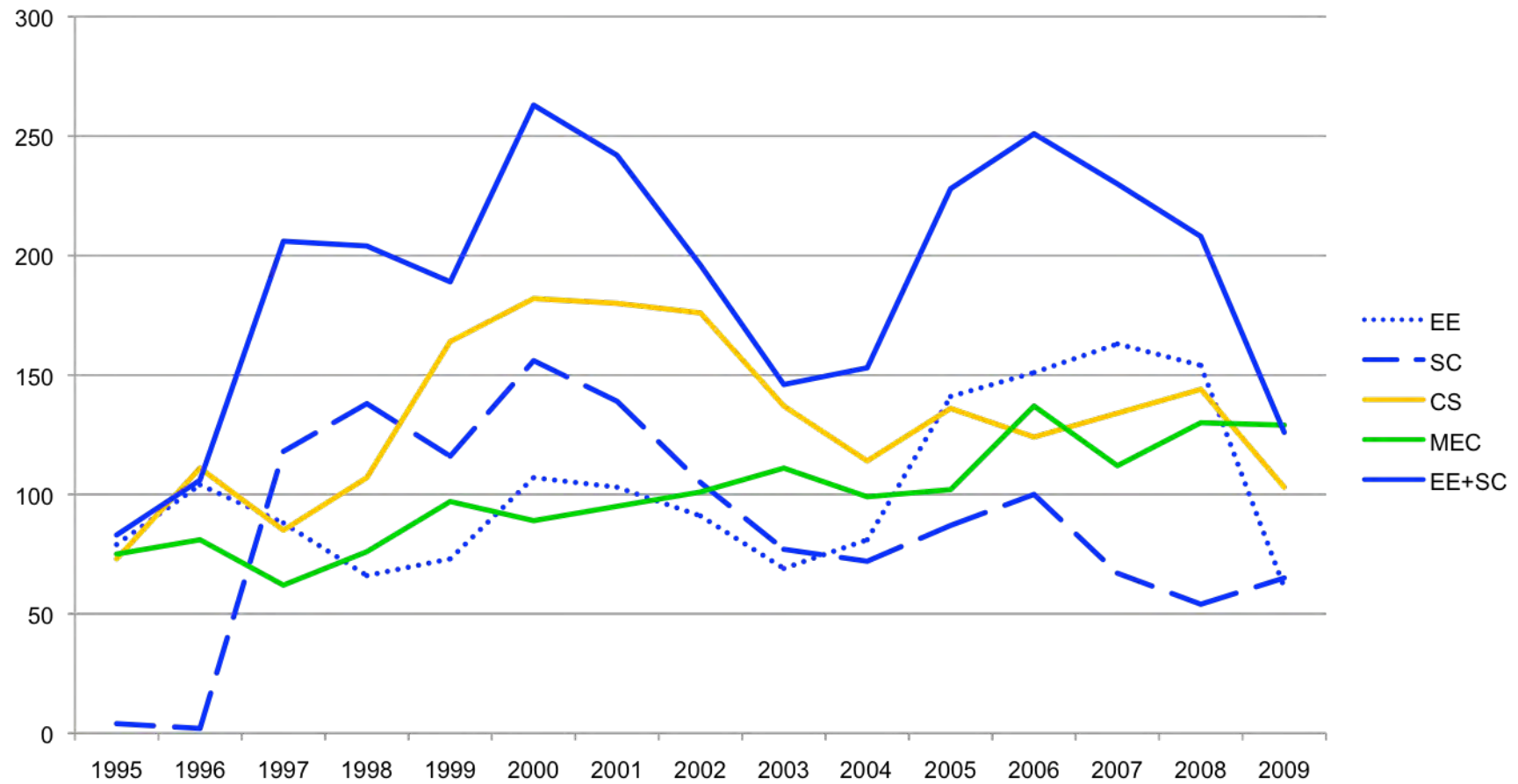
ETHZ – number of starting bachelor students



EPFL – number of starting bachelor students

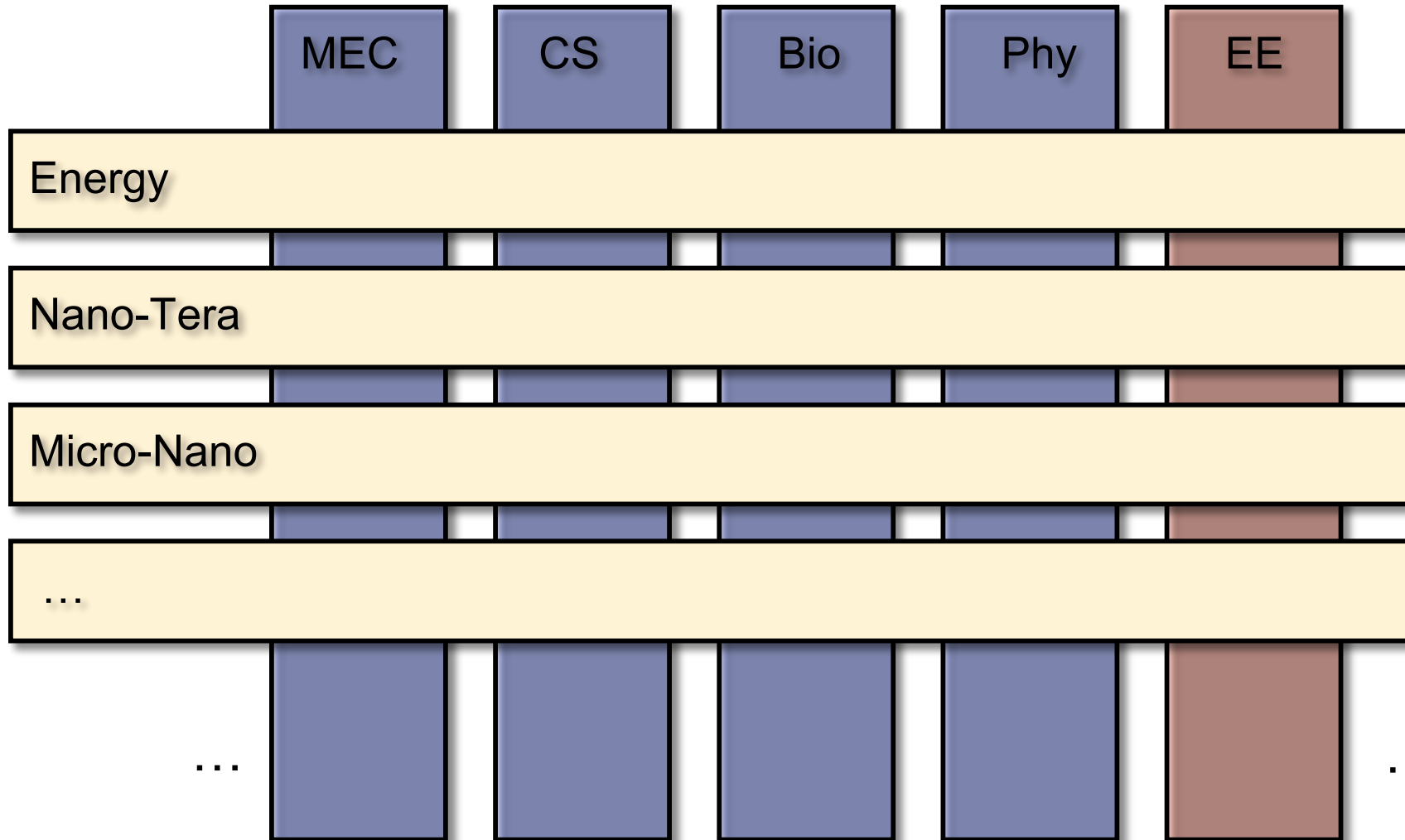


EPFL – number of starting bachelor students



EPFL – number of starting bachelor students

Matrix

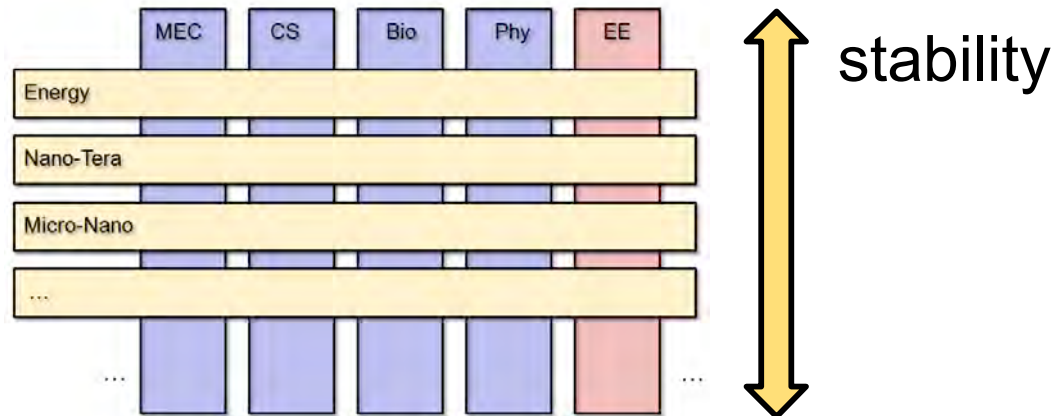


Maintain and re-establish the core of EE

EE has a lot to offer and has a specific viewpoint on engineering

Energy science is essential

Disciplinary knowledge is a key asset



Open up to other areas of science

Pose new challenges

Provide new models and methods

Take risks to adopt new areas early

Establish and lead new research themes

